



*Established in 1967*

**Making Waves—Spring 2013**

## **President's Forum**

by Ed Jacobsen

We are bringing the Waterfront Association into the 21<sup>st</sup> century. We are going electronic, not completely, but somewhat with email communication where possible. Most members will receive both an email version of this newsletter as soon as it is available and a printed version when it has been prepared and sent by the printer. If you would like to receive all correspondence via email please reply to the electronic version and we will convert you to that address book. We have updated our email list and we are currently at 565 verified addresses. This will give us a more efficient manner of two way communication and save the Association money for postage. The newly renovated website, [www.TLWA.org](http://www.TLWA.org), has this newsletter as well as all manner of information about your particular lake and surrounding water bodies. There is also a link to our email address so that you can let us know what concerns you may have and how we can address them.

Membership in the Association has many benefits. The main benefit is the preservation of the pristine condition of our chain and surrounding lakes. Another benefit is that you can have your voice heard on important matters. Now that we have become a bit more nimble in our communication methods we will be able to poll our members when important matters arise. While the board of directors does not speak for the members, we represent the views of our members and we will have a more efficient way of hearing those views. We also plan to expand our membership base to include off-water property owners. Few could argue that Three Lakes exists because of the beautiful chain of lakes that we all enjoy. Whether you live on or off the water you benefit by the chain remaining as pristine as it has been for thousands of years.

### **New Intern Program**

We are increasing our efforts to educate the public about how important clean boats are to our chain. We still have a very loyal core of volunteers to help monitor the various landings but that number has dwindled over the years. In our efforts to reach as many visitors as possible we are in the process of hiring two full time interns who will be on duty at the newly renovated Town Line landing and the Burnt Rollways boat lift. These interns will be on duty from Wednesday to Sunday and if you encounter them please say hi and perhaps thank them for their efforts. Our Association was one of the first in the State to monitor launch sites and we plan to remain vigilant as time goes on.

### **Townline Lake Landing**

The newly reconstructed landing at Town Line Lake is beautiful and very well done. Since it was funded in great part by the D N R that body has a say in how to recoup the cost. As a result they have initiated a fee to launch your boat there. Our interns are posted at that landing to check for clean boats only and not to enforce the fees. When you see one of our members there please thank them for their work and do not look upon them as police persons.

### **Board of Directors Notes**

I would like to thank Jack Werner who has served as a director for many years and chaired a number of committees. The most noteworthy project Jack chaired was the Long Lake planning project. As you may recall Long Lake was the site of the first invasion of unwanted aquatic species in our chain and it came in the form of Eurasian Water Milfoil which appeared in the channel just before the Burnt Rollways boat lift and dam. Jack not only spearheaded the efforts to eradicate the milfoil but then headed the Long Lake planning committee which served to map the lake for any and all aquatic life as well as cordon off the invasives. Through his efforts that infestation is well under control. Jack's work on the lake planning project now serves as the model we will be using for all the lakes in our area. Jack has also served as a volunteer on the clean boats program for 6 years. Jack is resigning as a board member but will continue to serve on the Long Lake projects. We have had another resignation by Rob McGrane. Rob was a member of the board for two years and served as a watchdog over our financial picture as well as a member of our membership committee.

Continued—page 6

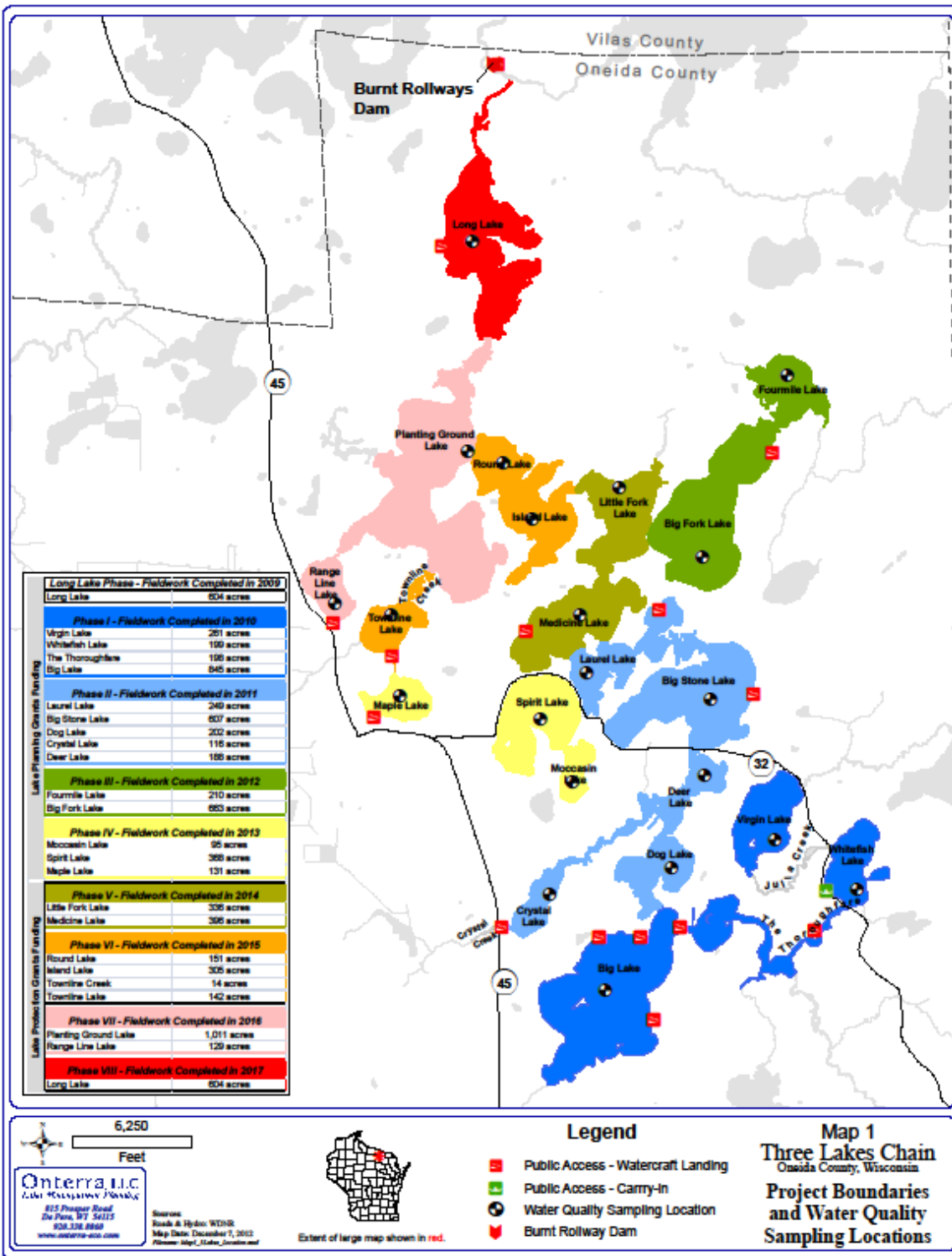
In our 2012 fall newsletter (available for your review at [www.tlwa.org](http://www.tlwa.org)) we provided a somewhat detailed overview of our extensive Lake Management Planning activities to date. Winter/spring is grant writing and progress review time for the Board of Directors. Plans are now being made for meetings of lake teams for Phase III (Big Fork and Fourmile Lakes). The baseline data has been collected and is being prepared for lake committee review. If you live on these two lakes and want to attend the review meetings, please let us know.

Onterra, LLC, our limnologist lake management consultant, is currently preparing lake specific reports for Phase I (Virgin, Whitefish, Thoroughfare, Big) and Phase II (Laurel, Big Stone, Dog, Crystal, Deer) Lakes. These reports with the myriad of data and findings will be posted on our website very soon.

The entire phased chain study schedule is best shown on the included map. The entire chain will be studied by 2017. Note where your lake fits in the schedule. Also note that we are working from south to north on the chain after our initial study of Long Lake. (The Long Lake Final Report is now available on the TLWA website.) The entire process hinges upon continued funding for our work. The grant request for Phase IV work (Moccasin, Spirit, Maple) was recently funded and field work will begin this spring.

We encourage you to read your lake's report as it becomes available and get involved in activities on your lake. The Lake Management Plans will include chain-wide goals as well as lake specific goals. The comprehensive study results include the chain-wide stakeholders survey, study of entire watershed, water quality variables (such as phosphorus levels, chlorophyll-a levels, water clarity, dissolved oxygen levels, ph levels, and others), maps of plant colonies, fisheries data, shoreline development and coarse woody shoreline debris surveys.

If you have any questions or would like to discuss lake management planning for any reason, do not hesitate to contact Norris Ross at 715-546-2250. ♦





## 2013 Annual Meeting

for members and anyone interested

Saturday, July 6, 2013

coffee & pastry at 9 am, meeting 9:30 am

Reiter Center, Three Lakes

Meet your officers, volunteers, college summer interns!

Get a report on lake planning for the Chain!

Discuss the water quality of our lakes!

Hear about the Clean Boats, Clean Waters and Adopt-A-Shoreline programs!

Plus election of directors, boating safety on the Three Lakes Chain, updates.

### THREE LAKES CHAIN OF LAKES WATER QUALITY

When one thinks of water quality, one usually conjures thoughts of AIS such as Eurasian water milfoil, curly pond weed, rusty crayfish, Chinese mystery snails, algal blooms and others. These are all important.

There are other aspects of water quality which are not as familiar to the concerned water sports enthusiast: that of water chemistry. Water chemistry, broadly speaking, consists of multiple factors, all of which contribute to our enjoyment of the Three Lakes Chain. Clarity of water is perhaps the factor which is most apparent to the average enthusiast, simply because all one has to do is look off the end of a pier to notice this element. Probably everyone has noted an improvement in water clarity this year. Data would support this observation. Secchi Disc readings are taken regularly on multiple lakes of the chain by volunteers. In fact water clarity has improved by an average of almost 2 feet from 2011. Other factors identified by specific testing also contribute to water quality. These factors are water temperature, dissolved oxygen, chlorophyll and phosphorous.

These parameters are monitored by a number of sources including volunteers for the Citizen Lakes Monitoring Network (CLMN), the Valley Improvement Company, and Onterra on behalf of the Three Lakes Waterfront Association. By far the greatest amount of data is collected by the CLMN volunteers through the Surface Water Integrated Monitoring System (SMIMS). These volunteers donate their time and expertise in monitoring the above parameters on many of the 20 lakes of the Three Lakes Chain.

As for specifics, the data varies with the season. Temperature of lake water is seasonal but interestingly thermoclines exist in many lakes during the summer. Water temperature changes dramatically between 15 to 18 feet, a thermocline. During spring and fall turnover temperatures are homogeneous. Dissolved oxygen is consistent with the Eutrophic lake classification typified by the

by Fred Knoch

Three Lakes Chain. That is, no dissolved oxygen below 27 feet in the months of June and July with drastic reductions below 15 to 18 feet (the thermocline). During turnover oxygen levels become homogeneous as does the water temperature.

Other measured parameters include phosphorous and chlorophyll. Phosphorous enters the lake system through natural mineral leeching from soil. Shoreline development increases phosphorous entering the lake system from increased runoff and use of fertilizers. Agricultural sources also contribute to increased amounts of phosphorous entering the watershed. Phosphorous promotes growth of chlorophyll containing organisms such as lake weeds and algae. Phosphorous levels in Long Lake have remained fairly constant since 1979. The water in Long Lake is an admixture of the Three Lakes Chain water before entering the Eagle Chain. The fact that phosphorous concentrations have not increased over the years perhaps is a result of the high water turnover rate in the Chain due to the vast watershed of the system (dilution). The highest concentration of phosphorous in the Chain is in Crystal Lake at 70ugm/l. Dog Lake has the second highest level at 40ugm/l (Crystal flows into Dog), and in Long Lake and most other lakes levels are 21-26ugm/l. Eutrophic lakes like our chain typically have algal blooms as many of you may have noticed recently.

All the data collected by the volunteers, Valley Improvement Company and Onterra is available to the public and can be accessed by computer using the address [www.dnr.wi.gov/lakes/clmn](http://www.dnr.wi.gov/lakes/clmn). This produces a page listing all the counties in Wisconsin. Click on Oneida County; find the lake in which you are interested and click on Details. All the data will be readily apparent for observation and education.

I personally feel it is our responsibility to keep informed about the ecology of our lake system. Water quality is just one part of the system upon which we all depend for recreation, habituation and peace of mind. ♦



## New Signs for Safety Program Announced

The Three Lakes Police Department is proud to announce the kick off of the SIGNS FOR SAFETY PROGRAM. This program will use the implementation of location ID signs placed on the Three Lakes Chain of Lakes in the Town of Three Lakes.

The Purpose of the "Signs for Safety" program is to decrease the response times for emergency situations while on the Three Lakes Chain of Lakes during both the summer and winter months.

The Three Lakes emergency response team of the Three Lakes Police Department, Three Lakes Fire Department, and the Oneida County Ambulance Medic 10 are committed to providing the highest level of emergency response for citizens and visitors to the Town of Three Lakes. We have had calls for service where the people either boating or snowmobiling have had an emergency, but may not know the exact location or description of where help is needed. It would be the purpose to use the "Signs for Safety" program to post signs similar to a fire sign on the lakeside of properties in various locations throughout the chain. We would like these signs first in the areas where people would see them and be able to use that information to provide to 911 for an emergency response. The signs would not be needed on all properties, but where emergency access may be possible and/or to positively identify the location of the emergency.

Supported by the Three Lakes Town Board, the program was funded by the Three Lakes Waterfront Association. The first signs should be up by the start of the 2013 boating season.

If you have any questions about this program please feel free to contact Chief of Police Scott Lea at the Three Lakes Police Department at 715-546-2211. ♦



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## Clean Boats/ Clean Waters

by Bob Agen



The 2013 boating season has started and I want to take this opportunity to thank all those who have helped with the clean boats/clean water program in the past and those committed to this year. The program's success depends heavily on our volunteer base. It is important that we get an early start to the season; current plans call for starting our monitoring on the Memorial Day Weekend.

This year we have two paid interns from the community working the Burnt Rollways Dam and the Town Line landings. We are also monitoring the landing on Big Stone at Sunset Grill. Due to a shrinking volunteer base we are not monitoring the landing off of County X and the landing on Big Lake off of Colonel Himes Road. We are seeking additional coverage at Sunset Grill on Sunday and are looking for coverage there on Thursday.

This is where you come in. We need more volunteers in order to have better coverage on our lakes. Protecting our lakes from invasive species remains a priority. If you can give 2 or 4 hours one day a week please contact me, Bob Agen at 715-546-3893. ♦

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## Wells Are Indeed a Deep Subject

by Paul Matthiae

(A Private Well Class - Online)

A free online course that helps homeowners understand and care for their water supply wells is now available. Because our home water supply systems tend to be taken for granted (until there is a serious problem) we wanted to bring this to our members attention as this course (10 online "lessons", easily downloaded) will provide much useful information.

Developed by the University of Illinois and the Rural Community Assistance Partnership, the "lessons" cover: Science of Groundwater; Groundwater and Well Contamination; Well Construction and Types; Your Water Well System; Maintenance, Operation and Best Practices; Emergency Situations, Failures and Problem Solving; Getting Help, Finding Local Answers; Groundwater Quality and Source Water Protection; Sampling and Interpreting Results; and, Water Treatment Solutions.

The "lessons" are sent to you once a week by email for 10 weeks. The program also offers three Webinars to support/reinforce your learning. You can sign up for your free class at: [www.privatewellclass.org](http://www.privatewellclass.org)

TIP: When lessons 2-10 arrive, click where it says: "If you are having trouble viewing this email, [click here](#) to read it on the web." Doing so will allow you to see and print figures and photographs that correspond to the text. ♦



## Adopt-A-Shoreline – 2013 Season

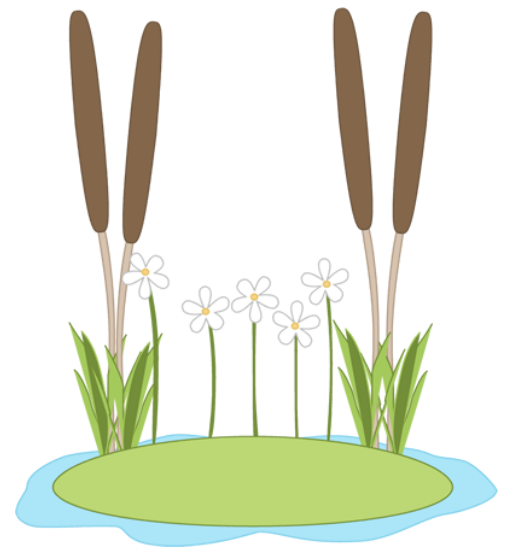
by Ed Martens

With the arrival of spring, we are starting a new Adopt-A-Shoreline season, the 9<sup>th</sup> year for this program. Last year we logged a record 446 hours from 66 volunteers. Although the program has been successful over the past 8 years, it is extremely important that we continue to strive to expand it further to assure we are doing all we can to prevent the intrusion of exotic species into our Three Lakes Chain.

For the Adopt-A-Shoreline Program to work most effectively, we rely heavily on Lake Captains. These individuals recruit volunteers on their respective lake and assign specific shoreline areas (approximately ½ mile) to inspect. The inspection objective is early identification of any Aquatic Invasive Species (AIS), in particular Eurasian Water Milfoil (EWM). Inspections typically take 1 to 2 hours and are performed four times between June and the end September. If a suspect AIS is found, a sample is taken to Jokin' Joe's Bait shop. Then the sample is given to the DNR lab for analysis. If the suspect sample is found to be an Aquatic Invasive Species, we will take steps to remove it or have the area treated. All hours spent and information collected while monitoring the shorelines are entered into a DNR form entitled Aquatic Invasives Surveillance Monitoring, Form 3200-130 (R 2/10). The forms are available on-line at <http://dnr.wi.gov/lakes/forms/3200-130-presenceabsence-multiplelocations.pdf> or at the White Deer Liquor Store in downtown Three Lakes. Completed forms are returned to the Liquor Store. **A record of all volunteer hours on these forms is very important for securing matching grant funds from the State to help continue our programs for protecting our lakes.**

Current Adopt-A-Shoreline Lake Captains are listed below:

<u>Lake</u>	<u>Captain</u>	<u>Phone Number</u>
Big Fork	Maryanne Anderson-Stoll	(715) 546-3618
Big	Ed Cottingham	(715) 546-4298
Big Stone	Eric Wick	(715) 546-3587
Deer & Dog	David Kroening	(715) 546-2297
	Joe Petreikes	(715) 546-2488
Four Mile	Bob Pfeffer	(715) 546-2697
Island & Round	Rob McGrane	(715) 546-3913
Laurel	Mike Shay	(715) 546-3319
Little Fork	Bob Lee	(715) 546-3674
Long	Jack Werner	(715) 479-9094
Maple	Jim Skelkton	(715) 546-3921
Medicine	Bruce Renquist	(715) 546-2401
Planting Ground	Norris Ross	(715) 546-2250
Virgin	Bob Borek	(715) 546-3457
Whitefish	Ron Friedle	(715) 546-3031



**ADOPT A SHORELINE**

Our program goal is to monitor 100% of our lakes and 100% of their shorelines. As you can see we do not have Lake Captains for all of our lakes on the chain. We need Lake Captains for Spirit, Crystal, Townline and Range Line Lakes. So, if you own property on one of these lakes and are willing to get involved, please call me; **Ed Martens at (715) 546-4291**. I will provide you with the training and materials to get started for this upcoming season. Also, if your lake already has a Lake Captain and you want to get involved, give your Captain a call and volunteer a few hours of your time this summer. It's a great activity to get your children and grandchildren involved in.

Thank you very much for your help over the past 8 seasons and we're asking for your continuing support this year. The more shoreline monitors involved, the better chance we have for early detection of Aquatic Invasive Species. By keeping these species out of our lakes, we will be protecting our waters for the future. ◇

## SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM

This spring the Three Lakes Waterfront Association (TLWA) will be awarding \$1500 scholarships to each of two deserving Three Lakes High School students who are planning to enter a field of study commensurate with the associations' goals of keeping our waters clean and free of invasive species. These fields would include marine biology, limnology, environmental studies as well as any field of engineering which would pertain to our clean water goals. The names of the students receiving these scholarships will be announced on May 15<sup>th</sup> at graduation ceremonies. The association has awarded a total of \$23,000 to deserving students over the past 14 years. ◇

Virgin Lake is a 276-acre lake with a mean depth of 13 feet and a maximum depth of 31 feet and is near the “top” of the Three Lakes Chain. Studies conducted as part of a 2010 lake management planning project concluded that the lake is mesotrophic (a healthy level) with a fairly large watershed. Virgin Lake is known to hold Vasey’s pondweed (*Potamogeton vaseyi*), which is designated by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) as an aquatic plant of special concern due to its rarity in Wisconsin. Overall, the lake has a high quality aquatic plant community as demonstrated by its incredible diversity (2010 Simpson’s diversity of 0.94) and species richness (48 species in 2010). Read additional data at [www.tlwa.org](http://www.tlwa.org).

It was during an August 4, 2010 aquatic plant survey that Eurasian Water Milfoil (EWM) was first discovered in Virgin Lake by ecologists with Onterra, LLC. The small plant colony was located just southwest of the Virgin Lake Island. Onterra staff marked the colony with GPS coordinates as well as temporary buoys and the proper communications ensued with the Three Lakes Waterfront Association (TLWA) and WDNR personnel. Shortly after that time, TLWA volunteers placed larger buoys around the colony to alert boaters to its presence and hopefully to reduce plant fragmentation.

On July 8, 2011, Onterra staff visited Virgin Lake to hand-harvest EWM plants located within the colony. Because of the relatively shallow depth, snorkeling gear was utilized. Weather conditions were good; however, visibility into the water column and under the water was impaired by the naturally stained water of the lake. Following reports from TLWA members that more EWM existed within the previously marked colony, Onterra staff members revisited the lake on September 8, 2011 to conduct plant removal again. About 35 plants were pulled during this time, though stained water was again an issue the snorkelers faced and some single plants were likely left behind.

On July 3, 2012, Onterra staff once again visited Virgin Lake to hand-remove EWM plants. Donning SCUBA gear this time, three staff members entered the water hoping to spend more time near the substrate and get a better grasp on the extent of EWM growth. Soon after the divers entered the water, they observed that the colony had expanded only slightly in size, but increased very much in density. In addition to many “tall” plants, a good number of plants were very short in stature and not visible from the surface. The biomass was too much to hand-remove, so their attention turned towards determining the outer extents of the colony and identifying outlier plants by swimming transect lines from the center of the population.

Following this survey, discussions were held between Onterra staff, TLWA board members, and WDNR staff. It was decided that an aggressive approach (a mid-summer 2,4-D herbicide application) was necessary in order to bring the rapidly expanding colony under control and reduce further spread that would result when the EWM auto-fragmented. A treatment of 0.9 acres was conducted in mid-July of 2012. A similar treatment is proposed for early spring 2013 pending the results of a Spring Pretreatment Confirmation & Refinement Survey.

A draft of the Three Lakes Chain of Lakes Comprehensive Management Plan, which includes management goals and actions specific to Virgin Lake, was approved by the TLWA in December of 2012 and is currently under WDNR review. Within this plan, Management Goal 2 outlines an aggressive EWM control strategy that the TLWA seeks to carry out on Virgin Lake. This project objectives include: (1) Minimizing EWM occurrences within Virgin Lake; (2) preventing spread to additional areas of the lake; and (3) furthering public awareness of the project and the negative impacts brought on by AIS in a lake ecosystem. The goal of this project is to reduce the current EWM colony from levels which warrant herbicide treatment to levels of less than 200 plants, which may be controlled by hand-removal techniques. Should additional colonies be discovered in the lake, a similar goal and strategy would be enacted in these locations. The recently funded grant proposal for dealing with EWM in Virgin Lake outlines a comprehensive monitoring and control strategy. An evaluation of the success of the treatment in 2012 will be completed this spring. This will be followed by a complete resurvey of the entire littoral zone of Virgin Lake searching for EWM. Future actions in the lake will be dependent upon these new surveys. Virgin Lake property owners will continue to be informed of findings and future actions. ◇

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(President’s Forum—continued from page 1)

We hate to lose good board members but as long as we can replace them our association will continue to fulfill our goal of protecting our lakes. We have had one open spot on our board for the past year. We have requested the services of two association members to become board members and thankfully they have agreed to fill the open positions until our annual meeting on July 6<sup>th</sup>. At that time we will ask for membership approval to install them as new board members to serve for three years. They are Doug Scheffen and Mike Freehill. In working with these new interim members I am excited to see that great array of talent we have here in Three Lakes. With a board in place as it is now anyone can be president and I fill that bill. ◇

## Three Lakes Police Department Boating Safety Class Announced

On July 8th and July 9th, 2013 the Three Lakes Police Department will be sponsoring a DNR Boating Safety Class. It is required for any operator of a motorboat who was born after January 1, 1989. Persons born after that date must complete a certified boat safety class to operate a boat in the State of Wisconsin. This class will consist of classroom and hands-on training for new boaters, or anyone else who wishes to brush up on the current standards. This class does require preregistration at the Three Lakes Police Department. Please contact Chief of Police Scott E. Lea if you have any questions.

Scott E. Lea - Chief of Police  
Three Lakes Police Department  
1795 Erie Street - P.O. Box 5

Phone (715) 546-2211  
Fax (715) 546-2949  
[slea@mail.co.oneida.wi.us](mailto:slea@mail.co.oneida.wi.us)

## WARDENS CORNER....BAG LIMITS VS POSSESSION LIMITS by Warden Pat Novesky

One of the many perks of having access to the Three Lakes chain is that we are blessed with some of the state's best fishing, if you have some flexibility with your schedule you can hit a pretty hot bite on occasion. When these fish are on the beds, or otherwise on a "hot bite", it is important to avoid the urge to take more than your share.

In legal talk there is a "daily bag limit", each species is set at a different limit, simply put this is the amount of fish you can take home per day. Take panfish for instance, the daily bag limit is 25 fish; this means that each person can take 25 fish per day. A little understood part of this regulation is that the law requires each fisherman to catch their own limit of fish; Wisconsin does not have a law that allows "group fishing". This means that once a person reaches their daily bag limit, they are now done for the day on that species and cannot help others obtain a limit. As wardens we also encounter many people who spend time hopping lakes and grabbing a limit from each. This is also a violation of the daily bag limit as well and can result in a citation. Another issue encountered often is people making multiple trips, or "chipmunking". This is catching a daily bag limit and taking it home only to go out and catch another the same day. Again, this is illegal and will result in a citation.

Also in the regulations is reference to a "possession limit", this is the amount of fish a person may have in their total possession back at the house or camp. Most often the possession limit is twice the daily bag limit. If you are talking panfish, you can keep 25 a day and have 50 in the freezer, once you go beyond 50 you are in violation. I suspect that if the DNR ever obtained radar that would penetrate the walls of homes and freezers we would see many freezers plump full of vacuum packed bags of fillets well beyond the possession limits. Several times a year I find a pile of freezer burned fillets well beyond the possession limit discarded in a ditch someplace, or during an investigation digging into a freezer we find bags of fillets several years old that have not been eaten. Basically somebody caught more than they could eat simply because they could, an unfortunate waste of game.

Times have changed and the sportsman of today has a wide variety of technology available to them that can greatly increase the ability to harvest whatever fish or game they are after, fish locators and sonar are better than ever before, GPS to locate the hot spot (and tell everyone else), underwater cameras to find structure, etc. Combine all this with cell phones, internet & text messaging and all it takes these days is one person to find the hot spot and within minutes that information can be relayed across the world. Obviously everyone wants to catch a limit of fish, unfortunately there are people out there who capitalize on this information and have no hesitation to overharvest the population and wait until they get some info about the next "hot bite" at another lake. These people have no stake in maintaining a quality fishery in the Three Lakes Chain; they'll just go someplace else when the fishing gets poor here. Also sometimes unintentionally the fish population can take a beating by fisherman that are perfectly legal however continually send all their friends and family to the same spot for a limit.

The bottom line is that fishing has changed and is not what it was years ago; there are several factors that can affect the quality of fishing in any body of water. One of those is to abide by the regulations, as well as determine what may be ethically right and not just legally right. If half a limit feeds your crew, don't feel like you need to take home all you are entitled to, catch and release. By playing by the rules and showing some restraint we can help the Three Lakes chain give up quality fish throughout the year.

If there are people that you suspect are taking more than their legal share, report them. Violations can be reported at 1-800-TIP-WDNR and you can remain anonymous if you wish. Good luck & good fishing!

Patrick Novesky is the Conservation Warden for the Three Lakes area and Northern Forest County and can be reached at (715)365-8948. ◇





## 2012—2013 Board of Directors

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Secretary	Paul Matthiae

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Bob Agen	Doug Scheffen
Ed Cottingham	Jerry Schiedt
Mike Freehill	Sandy Schlaefer
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Ed Martens	Paul Wussow

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Terrestrial Species	Paul Matthiae / Jerry Schiedt
Water Testing	Fred Knoch / Sandy Schlaefer
Lake Management Planning	Ed Cottingham / Norris Ross
Membership	Mike Freehill
OCLRA	Norris Ross
Publicity / Newsletter	Larry Swanlund
Website	Paul Wussow
Scholarship	Jerry Schiedt
Shoreland Zoning	Norris Ross
Water Safety	Ed Cottingham

For information regarding important issues impacting our lakes and  
your own lake property, visit the TLWA website at:

[www.TLWA.org](http://www.TLWA.org)